

橢圓面積

設一橢圓中心在坐標原點 (0,0)，半長軸為 a，半短軸為 b

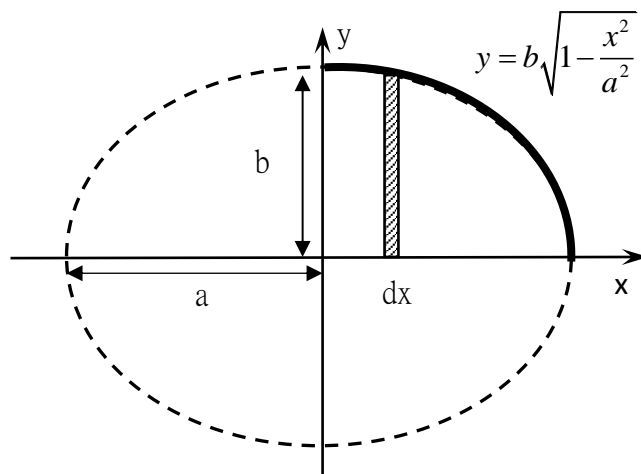
$$E: \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$\text{可寫為 } y = \pm b\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{a^2}}$$

$$\text{橢圓面積 } A = \int_{-a}^a \pm b\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{a^2}} dx$$

因為對稱，所以只須計算第一象限內面積，再乘 4 倍即可

$$\Rightarrow \frac{A}{4} = \int_0^a b\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{a^2}} dx$$



變數變換：

令 $x = a \cos \theta$ ，則

$$dx = -a \sin \theta d\theta$$

$$\sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{a^2}} = \sqrt{1 - \frac{a^2 \cos^2 \theta}{a^2}} = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \theta} = \sin \theta$$

$$\begin{cases} x = a & a \cos \theta = a & \theta = 0 \\ x = 0 & a \cos \theta = 0 & \theta = \frac{\pi}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{A}{4} = \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^0 b \sin \theta (-a \sin \theta d\theta) = \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^0 -ab \sin^2 \theta d\theta = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} ab \sin^2 \theta d\theta$$

利用倍角公式

$$\Rightarrow \frac{A}{4} = ab \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1 - \cos 2\theta}{2} d\theta = ab \left[\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{2} d\theta - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos 2\theta d\theta \right] = ab \left[\frac{\theta}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sin 2\theta \right) \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{A}{4} = ab \left[\frac{\theta}{2} - \frac{1}{4} (\sin 2\theta) \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = ab \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 0 \right) - \frac{1}{4} (\sin \pi - \sin 0) \right] = ab \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \pi ab$$